

General Regulations of Undergraduate Schools of Kyushu University

Kyushu University Regulation No.2 of 2004
Established: April 1, 2004
Last amended: March 12, 2026
(Kyushu University Regulation No.25 of 2025)

Table of Contents

Chapter I General Provisions (Articles 1 to 6)

Chapter II Admission, Readmission, Transfer to Another Undergraduate School, Transfer to the University, and Mid-course Entry Admission (Articles 7 to 14)

Chapter III Curriculum and Recognition of Graduation (Articles 15 to 25)

Chapter IV Withdrawal, Transfer to Another University, Studying Abroad, and Leave of Absence (Articles 26 to 33)

Chapter V Awards, Expulsion and Disciplinary Action (Articles 34 to 37)

Chapter VI Application Fee, Admission Fee, Tuition Fee, and Dormitory Fee (Articles 38 to 42)

Chapter VII Credited Auditors, Auditors, Special Auditors, Research Students, and Special Students (Articles 43 to 47)

Supplementary Provisions

Chapter I General Provisions

(Purpose)

Article 1 These Regulations provide for the duration of study, curriculum, admission, withdrawal, graduation, and other matters necessary for schooling of students of undergraduate schools, pursuant to the provisions of Article 3, paragraph (5) of the Regulations of Kyushu University (Kyushu University Regulation No. 1 of 2004).

(Duration of study)

Article 2 (1) The duration of study is four years.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, the duration of study of the Department of Medicine of the School of Medicine, the School of Dentistry, and the Department of Clinical Pharmacy of the School of Pharmaceutical Sciences is six years.

(3) If a person who has earned a certain number of credits as a credited auditor of Kyushu University (hereinafter referred to as the "University") is admitted to the University, and it is found that the person has completed part of the curriculum by earning the credits, a reasonable period of time according to the number of credits earned, not exceeding one-half of the duration of study, may be included in the duration of study as a completed part thereof.

(4) The inclusion in the duration of study referred to in the preceding paragraph is provided by the dean of each undergraduate school following discussion at the Faculty Council of the undergraduate school.

(Maximum Period of Enrollment)

Article 3 (1) The maximum period of enrollment is eight years.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, the maximum period of enrollment of the Department of Medicine of the School of Medicine, the School of Dentistry, and the Department of Clinical Pharmacy of the School of Pharmaceutical Sciences is 12 years.

(Quota)

Article 4 The student quota of each undergraduate school and of each department is as provided in the appended table.

(Academic Year and Academic Term)

- Article 5 (1) An academic year begins on April 1 and ends on March 31 of the following year.
(2) The setting of academic terms is provided by the regulations of each undergraduate school.
(3) Each academic term provided in the preceding paragraph may be divided into two course periods.

(University Holidays)

Article 6 (1) University holidays (days on which no class is held) are as follows:

Saturdays and Sundays;

Holidays provided in the Act on National Holidays (Act No. 178 of 1948);

University Memorial Day: May 11;

Each holiday in Spring, Summer and Winter provided for separately.

(2) Special university holidays are provided when necessary.

(3) Classes may be held on university holidays referred to in the preceding two paragraphs if it is particularly necessary.

Chapter II Admission, Readmission, Transfer to Another Undergraduate School, Transfer to the University, and Mid-course Entry Admission

(Time of Admission)

Article 7 Admission of students is scheduled at the beginning of each academic year; provided, however, that students may be admitted at the beginning of an academic term if it is found to be particularly necessary and not detrimental to education.

(Qualification for Admission)

Article 8 (1) A person who qualifies for admission to the University is one who falls under any of the following items:

(i) a person who has graduated from an upper secondary school or a secondary school;

(ii) a person who has completed 12 years of school education through a regular program or a person who has completed school education equivalent thereto through any other program;

(iii) a person who has completed a 12-year program of foreign school education or a person equivalent thereto as designated by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology;

(iv) a person who has completed a program at an overseas educational institution that is certified by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology as providing programs that are equal to those of an upper secondary school;

(v) a person who has completed an upper secondary course at a specialized training college (limited to a course that requires a three year or more duration of study and meets other standards provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology) as designated by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, on or after the date provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology;

(vi) a person designated by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology;

(vii) a person who has passed an upper secondary school equivalency examination pursuant to the Ordinance on the Upper Secondary School Equivalency Examination (Ordinance of the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology No. 1 of 2005) (including a person who has passed a university entrance qualification examination pursuant to the Ordinance on the University Entrance Qualification Examination prior to being repealed under the provisions of Article 2 of the Supplementary Provisions of the Ordinance on the Upper Secondary School Equivalency Examination (Ordinance of the Ministry of Education No. 13 of 1951; this Ordinance is hereinafter referred to as the "Former Ordinance" in this Article, and the examination under the Former Ordinance is hereinafter referred to as the "Former Examination" in this Article));

(viii) a person who has been admitted to the University pursuant to the provisions of Article 90, paragraph (2) of the School Education Act (Act No. 26 of 1947), and who has passed the Upper Secondary School

Equivalency Examination conducted under the Regulation for the Upper Secondary School Equivalency Examination (Ordinance of the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology No. 18 of 2022);

(ix) a person who has been admitted to a university pursuant to the provisions of Article 90, paragraph (2) of the School Education Act and who has been recognized by the University as having appropriate scholastic aptitude for receiving education at the University; or

(x) a person who has been recognized by the University, as a result of a separate screening process for entrance qualification, as having scholastic aptitude that is equal to or greater than that of an upper secondary school graduate and who has attained the age of 18.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, a person who falls under any of the following items and who is recognized as being outstandingly excellent in the fields provided by the University may be admitted to the University:

(i) a person who has been enrolled in an upper secondary school for two years or more;

(ii) a person who has been enrolled in an upper division of a secondary school, a college of technology, or an upper secondary department of a school for special needs education for two years or more;

(iii) a person who has been enrolled in a school education program for two years or more following a nine-year program of foreign school education;

(iv) a person who has been enrolled for two years or more in a program at an overseas educational institution that is certified by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology as providing programs that are equal to those of an upper secondary school (including such institution designated as providing programs that are equivalent to those of an upper secondary school);

(v) a person who has been enrolled in an upper secondary course at a specialized training college provided in item (v) of the preceding paragraph for two years or more on or after the date provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology as provided in the same item;

(vi) a person designated by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology; or

(vii) a person who has achieved a passing score for all subjects of examination provided in Article 4 of the Ordinance on the Upper Secondary School Equivalency Examination (excluding subjects for which the person has been exempt from taking the examination) (including a person who has achieved a passing score for all subjects of the examination provided in Article 4 of the Former Ordinance (in the case of a person who has been partially exempt from taking the Former Examination, excluding those subjects from which the person has been exempt)), and who has attained the age of 17.

(Application for Admission)

Article 9 A person who applies for admission must file an application by submitting an application form with a required application fee and other documents provided separately, by a prescribed deadline.

(Entrance Examination)

Article 10 An entrance examination is held for applicants for admission referred to in the preceding Article.

(Admission Procedure and Permission of Admission)

Article 10-2 The President grants permission for admission to persons who have passed the entrance examination as referred to in the preceding Article and who have paid the admission fee (or have applied for exemption from payment in full or in part or postponement of collection of the admission fee in the case of those who seek the exemption or postponement) and submitted required documents by a prescribed deadline.

(Readmission)

Article 11 A person who applies for admission to the same undergraduate school from which the person has withdrawn pursuant to the provisions of Article 26 may be readmitted to the undergraduate school through the selection process.

(Transfer to the University and Mid-course Entry Admission)

Article 12 A person who falls under any of the following items may be granted permission for transfer to the University or mid-course entry admission through the selection process:

- (i) a student of another university who applies for transfer to the University;
- (ii) a person who has been enrolled in a program in Japan at an educational institution recognized under the school education system of a foreign country as providing university programs in the foreign country and designated separately by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (limited to a person provided in Article 90, paragraph (1) of the School Education Act), and who applies for transfer to the University;
- (iii) a person who has earned credits at a university (excluding credits earned as a credited auditor) and who applies for mid-course entry admission;
- (iv) a person who has graduated from a university or has been conferred a bachelor's degree pursuant to the provisions of Article 104, paragraph (7) of the School Education Act and who applies for mid-course entry admission;
- (v) a person who has graduated from a junior college or college of technology and who applies for mid-course entry admission;
- (vi) a person who has graduated from a junior college in a foreign country and a person who has completed a program in Japan at an educational institution recognized under the school education system of a foreign country as providing junior college programs in that foreign country and designated separately by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (limited to a person provided in Article 90, paragraph (1) of the School Education Act), where either of those persons applies for mid-course entry admission;
- (vii) a person who has completed a postsecondary course at a specialized training college (limited to a program that requires a two year or more duration of study and meets other standards provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology) (limited to a person provided in Article 90, paragraph (1) of the School Education Act), and who applies for mid-course entry admission; or
- (viii) a person who has completed a program of a specialized course of an upper secondary school (limited to a program that requires a two year or more duration of study and meets other standards provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology) (limited to a person provided in Article 90, paragraph (1) of the School Education Act), and who applies for mid-course entry admission.

(Transfer to Another Undergraduate School)

Article 12-2 The dean of an undergraduate school may permit a student of the University who applies for transfer of the student's undergraduate school through the selection process, following discussion at the Faculty Council of the undergraduate school.

(Procedures and Permission for Readmission, Transfer to the University, and Mid-course Entry Admission)

Article 13 The provisions of Article 10-2 apply mutatis mutandis to the procedures and permission for readmission, transfer to the University, and mid-course entry admission provided in Articles 11 and 12.

(Treatment of Duration of Study in Case of Readmission)

Article 14 (1) The duration of study and the approval of earned credits with regard to persons who have been granted permission for readmission, transfer to another undergraduate school, transfer to the University or mid-course entry admission pursuant to the provisions of Articles 11 to 12-2 (hereinafter referred to as "readmission, etc.") are provided separately by the dean of each undergraduate school following discussion at the Faculty Council of the undergraduate school.

(2) The maximum period of enrollment for persons whose duration of study is provided pursuant to the provisions of the preceding paragraph is twice the length of the duration of study thus provided.

Chapter III Curriculum and Recognition of Graduation

(Curriculum)

Article 15 (1) The curriculum of each undergraduate school consists of KIKAN education courses and major courses.

(2) The completion of KIKAN education courses referred to in the preceding paragraph is provided separately.

(3) The curriculum referred to in paragraph (1) and the recognition of graduation are provided by the regulations of each undergraduate school.

(Common Programs across Undergraduate Schools)

Article 16 (1) The University has in place an educational program opens to all undergraduate schools, in addition to the curriculum organized by each undergraduate school, as set forth in the following items:

- (a) Sub-major Program for Challenge 21
- (b) Sub-major Program for Informatics and Digital Technology
- (c) Global Professional Certificate Program

(2) The necessary matters concerning the programs set forth in the preceding paragraph are provided for separately.

(Class Methods)

Article 16-2 (1) Classes are conducted by any one of the methods of lectures, seminars, experiments, practical training, or skills practice or a combination thereof.

(2) Each undergraduate school may have its students take classes referred to in the preceding paragraph at places other than the classroom where relevant classes are conducted, using various types of media in an advanced manner, as provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology.

(3) Each undergraduate school may have its students take classes referred to in paragraph (1) in foreign countries. The same applies if an undergraduate school has its students take classes at places other than a classroom where the classes are conducted, using various types of media in an advanced manner pursuant to the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

(Assistant Instructors for Courses)

Article 16-3 Each undergraduate school may assign persons other than the faculty member in charge of a course—such as other faculty members, students, or other persons designated by the undergraduate school concerned (hereinafter referred to as “Assistant Instructors”)—to assist in the instruction of the course. Furthermore, if it is deemed that sufficient educational effectiveness can be achieved, a portion of the course may be entrusted to an Assistant Instructor based on the instructional plan prepared by the faculty member in charge of the course.

(Organized Training)

Article 16-4 (1) The dean of each undergraduate school shall conduct organized training and research activities for the purpose of improving the content and methods of courses offered by the undergraduate school, in order to enhance the education provided to students.

(2) The dean of each undergraduate school shall provide necessary training to Assistant Instructors (excluding faculty members).

(Method of Calculation of Credits)

Article 17 (1) With regard to the number of credits awarded for each course (excluding KIKAN education courses), a standard one-credit course consists of content that requires 45 hours of learning. In accordance with the methods of instruction prescribed in Article 16-2, paragraph (1), and while taking into consideration matters such as the educational effects of the class and learning required outside class hours, one credit is awarded for a number of hours of class provided by the regulations of each undergraduate school between approximately 15 hours and 45 hours. Provided, however, that regarding skills-practice class by tutoring in the artistic fields, etc., one credit may be awarded for a number of hours of class provided by the regulations of the relevant undergraduate school.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, when it is found appropriate to award credits by assessing learning outcomes in courses such as graduation theses, graduation research, and graduation products, the number of credits may be provided while taking into consideration the learning, or the like necessary for completing these courses.

(3) The method of calculation of the number of credits awarded for each of KIKAN education courses is provided separately.

(Revealing of Academic Assessment Standards)

Article 17-2 (1) The dean of each undergraduate school shall present a clear outline of the class method and content of each course as well as the class schedule for the year to its students in advance.

(2) In assessing learning outcomes and recognizing graduation, the dean of each undergraduate school shall present a clear outline of the standards therefor to its students in advance and conduct an assessment and recognition process appropriately according to those standards in order to ensure objectivity and accuracy.

(Academic Assessment)

Article 17-3 (1) Academic achievement of students in courses they have taken is assessed by an examination; provided, however, that their daily performance may replace their results in the examination.

(2) Academic achievement in each course is indicated by five types of grades, S, A, B, C, and F, among which S, A, B, and C are passing grades and F is a failing grade:

S: Excellent far beyond the standard;

A: Excellent beyond the standard;

B: Attains the desired level;

C: Attains at least the minimum required level for awarding a credit;

F: Far below the standard.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, academic achievement in courses assessed depending on whether to pass or fail in seminars, experiments, practical training, etc. may be indicated by grade R or F, of which R is the passing grade.

(4) Beyond what is provided in the preceding three paragraphs, the necessary matters concerning academic assessment are provided separately.

(Courses Taken at Other Universities or Junior Colleges)

Article 18 (1) The dean of each undergraduate school may, when it is found beneficial for education, deem credits that a student has earned by completing courses at other universities or junior colleges to be credits earned by completing courses at the undergraduate school.

(2) The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis if a student studies at a foreign university or foreign junior college, if a student takes courses in Japan conducted by a foreign university or foreign junior college as correspondence courses, and if a student takes courses in Japan in a curriculum provided by an educational institution recognized under the school education system of a foreign country as providing university or junior college curriculum in the foreign country and designated separately by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology.

(Courses Taken at Foreign Universities or Junior Colleges during Leave of Absence)

Article 19 The dean of each undergraduate school may, when it is found beneficial for education, deem credits that a student has earned by taking courses at foreign universities or foreign junior colleges while on a leave of absence to be credits earned by taking courses at the University.

(Learning at Educational Institutions Other than Universities)

Article 20 The dean of each undergraduate school may, when it is found beneficial for education, deem a student's learning at a junior college or at a program of an advanced course of a college of technology or other learning provided by the Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology to be the

student's taking of courses at the University and may award credits to the student as provided by the dean of undergraduate school following discussion at the Faculty Council of the undergraduate school.

(Approval of Credits Earned Before Admission)

Article 21 (1) The dean of each undergraduate school may, when it is found beneficial for education, deem credits that a student has earned by taking courses at other universities or junior colleges before being admitted to the University (including credits earned by the student as a credited auditor pursuant to the provisions of Article 31 of the Standards for Establishment of Universities (Ordinance of the Ministry of Education No. 28 of 1956)) to be credits that the student has earned by taking courses at the University after being admitted to the University.

(2) The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis in the case prescribed in Article 18, paragraph (2).

(3) The dean of each undergraduate school may, when it is found to be beneficial for education, deem a student's learning before being admitted to the University provided in the preceding Article to be the student's taking of courses at the University and may award credits to the student as provided by the dean of undergraduate school following discussion at the Faculty Council of the undergraduate school.

(Maximum Number of Credits That May Be Deemed to be Credits Earned at the University or May Be Awarded by the University)

Article 22 The number of credits that may be deemed to be credits earned at the University or may be awarded by the University pursuant to the provisions of Article 18 to the preceding Article does not exceed 60 credits in total, except in the case of readmission, etc. provided in Articles 11 and 12. In this case, the number of credits earned before admission to the University, which may be deemed to be credits earned by taking courses in KIKAN education courses provided in Article 15, paragraph (1) or may be awarded by the University, does not exceed 30 credits.

(Completion of Curriculum Based on Long-Term Plan)

Article 23 If a student applies to the dean of an undergraduate school of the student's desire to complete the curriculum required for graduation over a certain period of time exceeding the prescribed duration of study in a planned manner due to circumstances such as having an occupation, the dean of the undergraduate school may approve the student's plan for completion of the curriculum as provided by the dean following discussion at the Faculty Council of the undergraduate school.

(Graduation)

Article 24 (1) A student who has completed courses and earned credits as prescribed, and has satisfied the graduation requirements provided in the regulations of each undergraduate school, is qualified as a graduate and awarded a certificate of graduation.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 2, paragraph (1), a student who has been enrolled in an undergraduate school of the University (excluding the Department of Medicine of the School of Medicine, the School of Dentistry, and the Department of Clinical Pharmacy of the School of Pharmaceutical Sciences) for three years or more, and has completed courses and earned credits as prescribed with excellent academic achievement pursuant to the provisions of regulations of the undergraduate school, may be qualified a graduate and awarded a certificate of graduation.

(3) The number of credits, among those required for graduation under the provisions of paragraph (1), which are earned by the class methods provided in Article 16-2, paragraphs (2) and (3), shall not exceed 60 credits; provided, however, that if an undergraduate school requires more than 124 credits for graduation (or 188 credits in the case of the Department of Medicine of the School of Medicine and the Department of Dentistry of the School of Dentistry, or 186 credits in the case of the Department of Clinical Pharmacy of the School of Pharmaceutical Sciences), the excessive portion of the credits may be added to those 60 credits.

(Conferral of Degree)

Article 25 A graduate shall be conferred a bachelor's degree pursuant to the provisions of the Degree Regulations of Kyushu University (Kyushu University Regulation No. 86 of 2004).

Chapter IV Withdrawal, Transfer to Another University, Studying Abroad, and Leave of Absence

(Withdrawal)

Article 26 A student who intends to withdraw from the University must submit an application for permission for withdrawal to the President via the dean of the student's undergraduate school, and obtain the President's permission.

(Transfer to Another University)

Article 27 A student who wishes to transfer to another university must submit an application for permission for transfer to the President via the dean of the student's undergraduate school and obtain the President's permission.

(Studying Abroad)

Article 28 (1) A student who wishes to study at a foreign university or junior college must submit an application for permission for studying abroad to the dean of the student's undergraduate school and obtain the permission of the dean of the student's undergraduate school.

(2) The period of studying abroad with the permission referred to in the preceding paragraph may be included in the duration of study referred to in Article 2.

(Leave of Absence)

Article 29 (1) A student who is unable to study for two months or more due to disease or for financial reasons may take leave of absence until the end of the academic year concerned, with the permission of the dean of the student's undergraduate school.

(2) In addition to the case referred to in the preceding paragraph, the dean of an undergraduate school may grant permission for leave of absence if any special circumstances are found.

Article 30 The dean of an undergraduate school may order a student to take leave of absence if the student is found unfit for studying due to disease.

Article 31 If the grounds for leave of absence cease to exist during the period of leave of absence, the student may return to study, with the permission of the dean of the student's undergraduate school.

Article 32 The period of leave of absence is not included in the period of enrollment.

Article 33 The period of leave of absence may not exceed the number of years of the duration of study provided in Article 2; provided, however, that the period of leave of absence in the case of a student subject to readmission, etc. pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 or Article 12 may not exceed the number of years of the duration of study provided in Article 14, paragraph (1).

Chapter V Awards, Expulsion and Disciplinary Action

(Awards)

Article 34 (1) The President may present awards to students who have performed acts worthy of commendation.

(2) The necessary matters concerning awards are provided separately.

(Expulsion)

Article 35 If the President finds that a student falls under any of the following items based on the report from

the dean of the student's undergraduate school, the President may expel the student:

- (i) if the student has been absent for a long period of time;
- (ii) if the student is not expected to complete the student's study;
- (iii) if the student has been missing for a long period of time;
- (iv) if the student has been enrolled beyond the maximum period of enrollment provided in Article 3 or Article 14, paragraph (2); or
- (v) if the student is still unable to return to study after the expiration of the period of leave of absence provided in Article 33.

Article 36 If a student falls under any of the following items, the President expels the student:

- (i) if the student who has been granted partial exemption or has not been granted exemption from payment of an admission fee or who has been granted postponement of collection or has not been granted postponement of collection of an admission fee fails to pay the admission fee by a prescribed deadline; or
- (ii) if the student has failed to pay a tuition fee and still fails to pay it even after receiving a demand for payment.

(Disciplinary Action)

Article 37 (1) If a student violates regulations of the University or acts contrary to a student's duty, the President takes disciplinary action against the student.

(2) The measures to be taken as disciplinary action in the case referred to in the preceding paragraph include admonition, suspension, and removal.

(3) The procedures for disciplinary action and other necessary matters concerning disciplinary action are provided separately.

Chapter VI Application Fee, Admission Fee, Tuition Fee, and Dormitory Fee

(Application Fee)

Article 38 (1) A person who applies for admission (including readmission, transfer to the University, and mid-course entry admission; the same applies in the following Article) must pay an application fee.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, the application fee may be waived for a person who is deemed to have special circumstances.

(3) Matters necessary for the waiver of the application fee prescribed in the preceding paragraph shall be separately determined.

(Admission Fee)

Article 39 (1) Upon admission, an applicant must pay an admission fee.

(2) A person who has difficulty in paying an admission fee may be granted exemption from payment in full or in part or postponement of collection of the fee.

(3) The necessary matters concerning the exemption from payment and postponement of collection of an admission fee referred to in the preceding paragraph are provided separately.

(Tuition Fee)

Article 40 (1) A tuition fee for each academic year must be paid in the amount equivalent to half of the annual amount of tuition fee for each term of payment set forth in the following table, by the respective due date of payment set forth in the same table; provided, however, that this does not apply to the due date of payment in the case of a student who has applied for the exemption from payment, postponement of collection or payment by monthly installments with regard to a tuition fee for the relevant term:

Term of payment	Due date of payment
First term (from April 1 to September 30)	May 31

Second term (from October 1 to March 31)	November 30
--	-------------

(2) If a student's leave of absence has lasted throughout either of the terms of payment of a tuition fee provided in the preceding paragraph, the student is exempted from payment of a tuition fee for the relevant term.

(3) If a student is found to have difficulty in paying a tuition fee for financial reasons and is found to be academically excellent or if any other unavoidable, special circumstances are found with regard to the student, the student may be granted permission for exemption from payment in full or in part or postponement of collection of a tuition fee, or payment the fee by monthly installments.

(4) The necessary matters concerning the exemption from payment, postponement of collection and payment by monthly installments with regard to a tuition fee referred to in the preceding paragraph are provided separately.

(Dormitory Fee)

Article 41 (1) A student who has moved into a dormitory must pay a dormitory fee by a prescribed deadline.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, a student for whom any special circumstances are found may be granted exemption from payment of a dormitory fee.

(Amount of Application Fee, Admission Fee, Tuition Fee, and Dormitory Fee)

Article 42 The amount, collection method, and other necessary matters concerning an application fee, admission fee, tuition fee, and dormitory fee are provided by the National University Corporation Kyushu University Rules for Tuition Fees and Other Fees (Kyushu University Accounting Regulation No. 12 of 2004; hereinafter referred to as the "Rules for Fees").

Chapter VII Credited Auditors, Auditors, Special Auditors, Research Students, and Special Students

(Credited Auditors)

Article 43 (1) If a person other than a student of the University applies to take one or more courses provided by an undergraduate school, the person may be admitted as a credited auditor.

(2) The necessary matters concerning credited auditors are provided separately.

(Auditors)

Article 44 (1) If a person applies to audit a specific course provided by an undergraduate school at the University, the person may be admitted as an auditor through the selection process, as long as this is not detrimental to education or research at the undergraduate school.

(2) The necessary matters concerning auditors are provided separately.

(Special Auditors)

Article 45 (1) If a student of another Japanese university or a foreign university applies to take a specific course provided by an undergraduate school at the University, the person may be admitted as a special auditor based on an agreement with the referenced other Japanese university or foreign university.

(2) The necessary matters concerning special auditors are provided separately.

(Research Students and Special Students)

Article 46 (1) If a person applies to conduct research on a specific area of specialty at an undergraduate school, the person may be admitted as a research student or special student through the selection process, as long as this is not detrimental to education or research at the undergraduate school.

(2) The necessary matters concerning research students and special students are provided separately.

(Tuition Fee)

Article 47 The amount, collection method, and other necessary matters concerning an application fee,

admission fee, and tuition fee payable by credited auditors, auditors, special auditors, research students, and special students are provided by the Rules for Fees.

Supplementary Provisions

(1) These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2004.

(2) The completion of the curriculum by the students who are enrolled in the University as of March 31, 2004, and will continue to be enrolled on April 1, 2004, and thereafter, and other matters necessary for the education of these students are governed by the provisions of the General Regulations of Kyushu University (effective date: June 1, 1949), and other regulations.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 194 of 2004)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2005.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 31 of 2005)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2006.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 38 of 2006)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2007.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 32 of 2007)

These Regulations come into effect as of December 26, 2007.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 59 of 2007)

(1) These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2008.

(2) The provisions of Article 16-2 of the General Regulations of Undergraduate Schools of Kyushu University after amendment apply to students who will be admitted to Kyushu University in Academic Year 2008 and thereafter.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 38 of 2008)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2009.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 50 of 2009)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2010.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 83 of 2010)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2011.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 81 of 2011)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2012.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 47 of 2012)

These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2013.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 84 of 2013)

(1) These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2014.

(2) The provisions of Articles 15 and 22 of the General Regulations of Undergraduate Schools of Kyushu University as amended by these Regulations apply to students who will be admitted to Kyushu University in Academic Year 2014 and thereafter, and prior regulations continue to govern the students who are enrolled in Kyushu University as of March 31, 2014, and will continue to be enrolled on April 1, 2014, and thereafter.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 78 of 2014)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2015.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 36 of 2015)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2016.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 86 of 2016)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2017.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 6 of 2017)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2018.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 68 of 2017)
(1) These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2018.
(2) The provisions of the General Regulations of Undergraduate Schools of Kyushu University as amended by these Regulations apply to students who will be admitted to Kyushu University in Academic Year 2018 and thereafter, and prior regulations continue to govern the students who are enrolled in Kyushu University as of March 31, 2018, and will continue to be enrolled on April 1, 2018, and thereafter.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 61 of 2018)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2019.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 25 of 2019)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2020.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No.42 of 2020)
1. These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2021.
2. The provisions of Article 12, paragraph (4) of the General Regulations of Undergraduate Schools of Kyushu University as amended by these Regulations are applied from April 1, 2019.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No.68 of 2021)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2022.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 8 of 2022)
These Regulations come into effect as of June 27, 2022.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No.25 of 2022)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2023.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 33 of 2023)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2024.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 15 of 2024)
These Regulations come into effect as of October 1, 2024.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 43 of 2024)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2025.

Supplementary Provisions (Kyushu University Regulation No. 25 of 2025)
These Regulations come into effect as of April 1, 2026.

Appended Table (Re: Article 4)

Undergraduate school	Department	Quota						Admission capacity
		1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year	5th Year	6th Year	
School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation	Department of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation	105	105	105	105	-	-	420
School of Letters	Department of Humanities	151	151	151	151	-	-	604
School of Education		46	46	46	46	-	-	184
School of Law		189	189	189	189	-	-	756
School of Economics	Department of Economy and Business	141	141	141	141	-	-	564
	Department of Economic Engineering	85	85	85 (10)	85 (10)	-	-	340 (20)
	Total	226	226	226 (10)	226 (10)	-	-	904 (20)
School of Science	Department of Physics	55	55	55	55	-	-	220
	Department of Chemistry	62	62	62	62	-	-	248
	Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences	45	45	45	45	-	-	180
	Department of Mathematics	50	50	50 (5)	50 (5)	-	-	200 (10)
	Department of Biology	46	46	46	46	-	-	184
	Total	258	258	258 (5)	258 (5)	-	-	1,032 (10)
School of Medicine	Department of Medicine	105	105	105	105	110	110	640
	Department of Biomedical Science	12	12	12	12	-	-	48
	Department of Health Sciences	134	134	134	134	-	-	536
	Total	251	251	251	251	110	110	1,224

School of Dentistry	Department of Dentistry	53	53	53	53	53	53	318
School of Pharmaceutical Sciences	Department of Medical Sciences	49	49	49	49	-	-	196
	Department of Clinical Pharmacy	30	30	30	30	30	30	180
	Total	79	79	79	79	30	30	376
School of Engineering	Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science	153	153	153	153	-	-	612
	Department of Materials	53	53	53	53	-	-	212
	Department of Applied Chemistry	72	72	72	72	-	-	288
	Department of Chemical Engineering	38	38	38	38	-	-	152
	Department of Interdisciplinary Engineering	57	57	57 (20)	57 (20)	-	-	228 (40)
	Department of Mechanical Engineering	135	135	135	135	-	-	540
	Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics	29	29	29	29	-	-	116
	Department of Applied Quantum Physics and Nuclear Engineering	38	38	38	38	-	-	152
	Department of Naval Architecture and Ocean Engineering	34	34	34	34	-	-	136
	Department of Earth Resources Engineering	34	34	34	34	-	-	136
	Department of Civil Engineering	77	77	77	77	-	-	308
	Department of Architecture	58	58	58	58	-	-	232
	Total	778	778	778 (20)	778 (20)	-	-	3,112 (40)
School of Design	Department of Design	187	187	187	187	-	-	748

School of Agriculture	Department of Bioresource and Bioenvironment	226	226	226	226	-	-	904
Total		2,549	2,549	2,549 (35)	2,549 (35)	193	193	10,582 (70)

(Notes)

1. The numbers in parentheses indicate the quota for students to be admitted in mid-course (in the 3rd year), not included in the total.
2. International students may be excluded from the quota.
3. With regard to the student quota for the School of Medicine, Department of Medicine, the number of students admitted includes the increased quota resulting from temporary measures based on the following Cabinet decisions:
 - Basic Policies for Economic and Fiscal Reform 2009 (Cabinet decision dated June 23, 2009)
Period of measure: Academic years 2010 to 2019
Increase in quota: 5 students in the first year of each academic year
 - New Growth Strategy (Cabinet decision dated June 18, 2010)
Period of measure: Academic years 2011 to 2019
Increase in quota: 1 student in the first year of each academic year
 - Basic Policies for Economic and Fiscal Management and Reform 2018 (Cabinet decision dated June 15, 2018)
Period of measure: Academic years 2020 to 2021
Increase in quota: 5 students in the first year of each academic year
 - Basic Policies for Economic and Fiscal Management and Reform 2018 (Cabinet decision dated June 15, 2018) and Temporary Maintenance of the Increased Quota for the School of Medicine in Academic Year 2022 (Notification)(MEXT Notification No. 739 and MHLW Notification No. 1125-5, both dated November 25, 2020)
Period of measure: Academic year 2022
Increase in quota: 5 students in the first year